

# LF Liontrust UK Focus Fund

## QUARTERLY NEWSLETTER

FOR THE QUARTER ENDING 31 MARCH 2022



### Summary

- The UK equity market had a tumultuous start to 2022. Russia's invasion of Ukraine added to an already challenging macro-economic backdrop.
- Our flexible, stock-driven, style-agnostic approach struggled in a macro-driven, risk-off environment.
- Idiosyncratic opportunities in some areas of the market remain highly compelling.

The UK equity market had a tumultuous start to 2022. Russia's invasion of Ukraine, which has come at an appalling humanitarian cost, added complexity to an already complex macro-economic backdrop. The prices of energy and commodities spiked, while pressures on supply chains intensified. In the worst squeeze on consumers' wallets in 30 years, the UK's CPI reached 6.2% yoy in March, driven by rising prices in energy, food and durable goods. The Bank of England increased the base rate in two steps to 0.75% during the quarter. The Federal Reserve, meanwhile, lifted the fed funds rate by 0.25% in March. Against a backdrop of high inflation and tight labour conditions, Chair Powell was decidedly more hawkish, stating there is an "obvious need to move expeditiously [our italics] to return the stance of monetary policy to a more neutral level".<sup>1</sup> This level is estimated to be roughly 2.4% – some way above the current target fed funds rate of 0.25-0.50%. Bond markets sold off sharply at the short end on expectation that next month could see an increase in the order of 50 basis points. A flatter yield curve reflected growing concerns about stagflation.

Stock-level fundamentals were of little consequence in this environment and the market polarised into two camps: 1) areas of perceived safety and beneficiaries of commodity inflation, and 2) everything else. Mid-caps were shunned, while large-caps held their ground: the FTSE 250 Index returned -9.5% against a return of +2.9% for the FTSE 100 Index. Meanwhile, among FTSE All-Share industries, Energy (+25.4%), Basic Materials (+19.6%) and Telecoms (+7.4%) significantly outperformed Technology (-16.1%), Industrials (-12.9%) and Consumer Discretionary (-11.5%). Intra-day volatility also spiked [Figure 1], reflecting a widening of possible outcomes and the market's sensitivity to short-term news flow.

# LF Liontrust UK Focus Fund

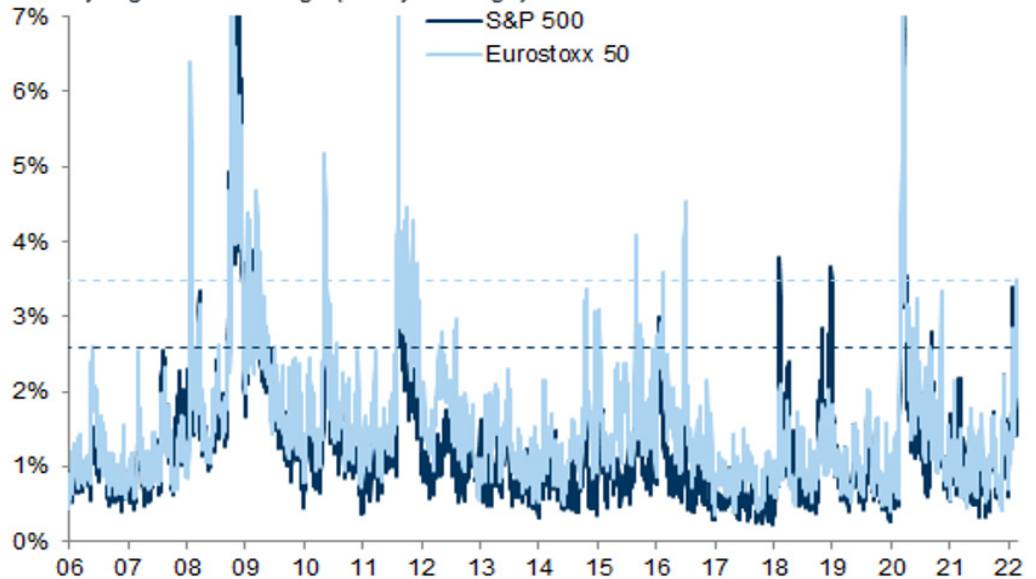
FOR THE QUARTER ENDING 31 MARCH 2022



## Figure 1: Intra-day activity follows the news

### A very large spread between intraday highs and lows

*Intraday high vs. low range (5-day average)*



Source: Goldman Sachs, 01.03.22

## Portfolio update

This was a particularly difficult quarter for performance: our flexible, stock-driven, style-agnostic approach struggled in a macro-driven, risk-off environment. The Fund holds a series of mid-cap growth stocks about which we are very excited on a medium term view. However, this quarter many of them underperformed. Prominent negative contributors included Dr Martens, Fever-Tree, Made.com and Moonpig. Most of these mid-cap stocks have experienced robust trading and we remain confident about their prospects. Offsetting that, cost of living squeezes and supply chain challenges were factors for some of the consumer facing stocks such as Made.com.

Holdings in technology businesses such as Ascential and AVEVA were also hard hit, but for no fundamental reason in our view. We remain happy with both and continue to engage with their management teams. Both could be vulnerable to bids at current share prices. Since the quarter end, Ascential has announced that it is considering strategic options to address the dramatic undervaluation of its shares.

We have made a number of changes to the portfolio in the weeks since the start of the war

# LF Liontrust UK Focus Fund

FOR THE QUARTER ENDING 31 MARCH 2022



in Ukraine, continuing a process of rebalancing we began late last year. These include new or increased positions in Shell, gold miner Newmont Goldcorp and AstraZeneca. We like Shell's strategy of recycling some of its strong cashflow into selected renewables and helping its customers decarbonise their energy needs. We have also bought back into Rentokil, which has defensive earnings and attractive long-term growth opportunities.

To fund the above purchases, we reduced London Stock Exchange, 3i, easyJet and Autotrader. Following the changes, the Fund is positioned a little more defensively but remains focused on attractive undervalued assets, many of which are market leaders and extending their leadership in their industries. We are close to these companies and we very much like what we hear. We see valuation disconnects: fundamentals should reassert themselves at some point – and possibly quite powerfully. Moreover, these valuation opportunities are validated by expressions of interest from private markets – notably at the end of the quarter, Brookfield disclosed it was considering making an offer for Homeserve.

## Outlook

The geopolitical landscape has dramatically shifted, with energy security becoming a top priority for governments. The history of past conflicts is instructive [Figure 2] and serves as a reminder that markets are forward looking and have looked through previous military crises relatively quickly, with the obvious caveat that no two conflicts are alike and this conflict has come at a time of pre-existing macro challenges related to inflation, supply chains and energy security. Even if there is an agreement or resolution, it is likely the market, economic and political regime has changed irreversibly due to the conflict: this means higher inflation, higher spending on defence, a greater focus on the security of supply, and ongoing isolation of Russia and potentially cooler relations with China.

# LF Liontrust UK Focus Fund

FOR THE QUARTER ENDING 31 MARCH 2022



**Figure 2: Market responses to past conflicts**

**Equity performance during past conflicts, since WW2**

Date	Conflict	+1w	+1m	SPX Performance +3m	+6m	Max drawdown (+/-3m)
15-May-48	Arab-Israeli War	7.2%	10.9%	2.0%	-0.8%	-3.8%
25-Jun-50	Korean War	-7.6%	-10.0%	1.5%	4.9%	-14.0%
01-Nov-54	Algerian War	3.9%	6.9%	15.5%	19.4%	-3.3%
01-Nov-55	Vietnam War	4.4%	7.3%	4.1%	13.9%	-10.6%
05-Jun-67	Six-Day War	4.1%	3.3%	6.5%	7.7%	-6.5%
08-Mar-69	War of Attrition	-0.7%	1.5%	3.5%	-6.0%	-9.2%
06-Oct-73	Yom Kippur War	1.4%	-4.5%	-10.0%	-15.3%	-17.3%
29-Mar-76	Dirty War	1.1%	-0.3%	1.4%	2.9%	-4.7%
22-Sep-80	Iran-Iraq War	-5.3%	1.2%	4.1%	2.8%	-5.3%
02-Apr-82	Falkland Islands War	1.0%	1.1%	-6.5%	6.0%	-12.7%
02-Aug-90	Gulf War	-3.3%	-8.2%	-11.3%	-2.4%	-19.9%
06-Apr-92	Bosnian Conflict	0.1%	2.8%	2.0%	0.4%	-6.2%
05-Mar-98	Kosovo Conflict	3.4%	8.5%	7.6%	-5.9%	-1.6%
07-Oct-01	Afghan War	1.9%	4.1%	8.7%	4.8%	-20.9%
20-Mar-03	Iraq War	-0.8%	2.0%	13.7%	18.3%	-14.1%
15-Feb-11	Libyan Civil War	-0.9%	-3.5%	0.7%	-9.3%	-6.4%
15-Mar-11	Syrian Civil War	0.9%	2.9%	-1.3%	-5.7%	-6.4%
23-Feb-14	Annexation of Crimea	1.3%	1.6%	3.5%	8.3%	-5.8%
15-Sep-14	Yemeni Civil War	0.5%	-6.1%	0.3%	3.5%	-7.4%
21-Feb-22	Ukraine / Russia crisis	-	-	-	-	-9.8%
<b>Median</b>		1.0%	1.6%	2.0%	2.9%	-7.0%
<b>Average</b>		0.7%	1.1%	2.4%	2.5%	-9.3%
<b>% times positive</b>		68%	68%	79%	63%	

Source: JP Morgan, Global Equity Strategy, 28.02.22

Meanwhile, central banks are increasing interest rates and remain keen to unwind quantitative easing. Against a background of strong inflationary pressures feeding through into rising wages, stagflation becomes a risk. It is therefore important at a stock level to invest in companies that have market leadership, pricing power and high gross margins to offer protection against cost pressures. We believe the Fund is well positioned for this scenario.

In terms of our recent activity, it is important to note that recent changes to the portfolio, while tactical in nature, have emerged from our ongoing commitment to deep fundamental analysis. The market has been rattled by the conflict in Ukraine and has inevitably adjusted for a wider array of potential outcomes (as have we). However, some of these moves have been severe, in our view, and several oversold holdings should not only revert in time but could make quite meaningful gains as the market reappraises their potential. Examples include pessimistically

# LF Liontrust UK Focus Fund

FOR THE QUARTER ENDING 31 MARCH 2022



priced consumer-facing names we mentioned above.

For investors, uncertainty creates opportunity, and as harrowing as the current crisis is on humanitarian grounds, we believe the current market environment offers a rare opportunity for investors in the UK. Since September last year, the FTSE 250 Index has experienced its largest drawdowns against the FTSE 100 Index since the financial crisis, underperforming by some 19% [Figure 3]. While the drawdown has several causes – e.g. a wider flight to safety, in part on growing concern about inflation and hawkish central bank policy – historically these drawdowns have been relatively short lived. We are certainly not making a case for buying the FSTE 250 Index, but believe this dynamic supports the case for continuing to identify companies in that area of the market we believe are well placed to grow and deliver decent returns in the years ahead. These include businesses with a good degree of operational resilience, backed by structural growth drivers and low levels of debt – businesses that are firmly on our radar as part of our flexible pursuit of opportunities for the Fund.

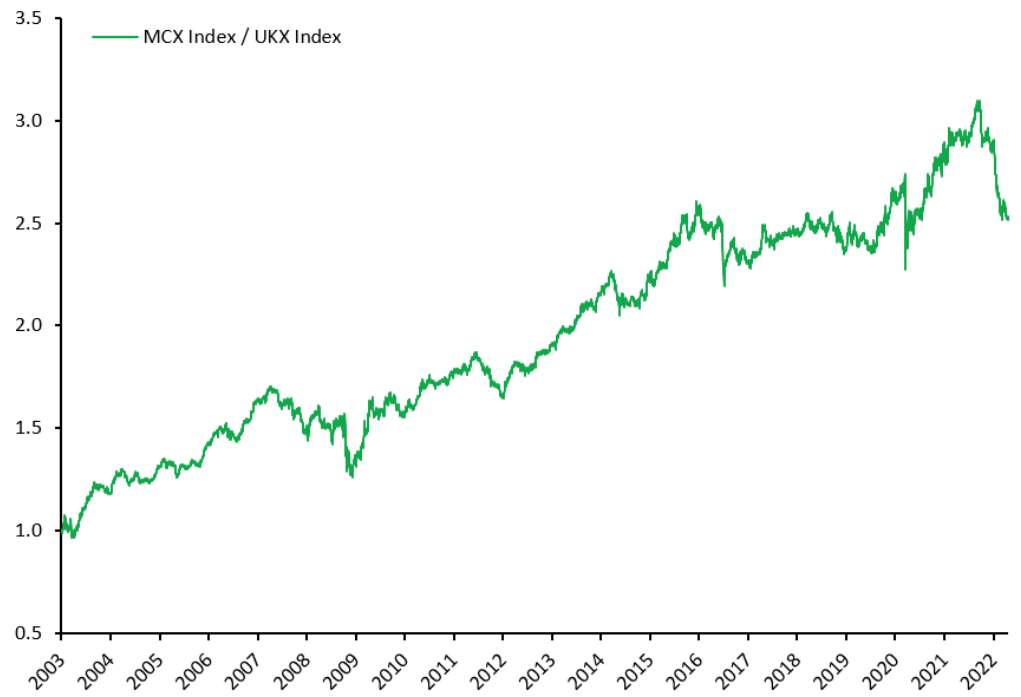
Lastly, the UK equity market remains a fertile hunting ground for private equity (PE) which has seen huge growth in assets over the last decade and has “dry powder” that needs to be invested to earn its full fees. We believe there will be more Morrisons – snapped up by PE last year – as the gap between the earnings yield and the cost of borrowing remains wide. Shareholder activism is also on the rise and is accelerating potentially positive change among UK businesses. Activists are currently on the register of three of the UK’s largest companies – Shell, Unilever and GSK – for example. Mega cap is no longer too large for such action. Notwithstanding the uncertain macro backdrop, there are multiple reasons why we believe the UK equity market could be at the foothills of a multi-year rehabilitation with the potential to provide enduring returns for investors.

# LF Liontrust UK Focus Fund

FOR THE QUARTER ENDING 31 MARCH 2022



**Figure 3: FTSE 250 Index relative drawdown**



Source: Bloomberg, 20.04.22

## Endnotes

1 <https://www.federalreserve.gov/newsevents/speech/powell20220321a.htm>

## Key Risks

Past performance is not a guide to future performance. The value of an investment and the income generated from it can fall as well as rise and is not guaranteed. You may get back less than you originally invested.

The issue of units/shares in Liontrust Funds may be subject to an initial charge, which will have an impact on the realisable value of the investment, particularly in the short term. Investments should always be considered as long term.

Investment in the Fund involves foreign currencies and may be subject to fluctuations in value due to movements in exchange rates.

## Disclaimers

This document is issued by Liontrust Fund Partners LLP (2 Savoy Court, London WC2R 0EZ), authorised and regulated in the UK by the Financial Conduct Authority (FRN 518165) to undertake regulated investment business.

This is a marketing communication. Before making an investment, you should read the relevant Prospectus and the Key Investor Information Document (KIID), which provide full product details including investment charges and risks. These documents can be obtained, free of charge, from [www.liontrust.co.uk](http://www.liontrust.co.uk) or direct from Liontrust. Always research your own investments and if you are not a professional investor please consult a regulated financial adviser regarding the suitability of such an investment for you and your personal circumstances.