

<u>Liontrust Voting Policy – US & Canada</u>

The policy applies as far as appropriate to all main index companies in the US and Canadian markets and companies with a market cap greater than US\$3bn (or currency equivalent)*. We actively vote as an extension of our engagement and to signal support or concerns about a company's practices and proposals.

We recognise that companies are not homogeneous and some variation in governance structures and practice is to be expected. Reflecting the need for some practical flexibility, corporate governance models are increasingly operating on a "comply or explain" basis, which is an approach we are supportive of.

In making our final voting decisions we seek to have regard to any company specific context and clarifications, as well as local market standards. Within practical limits we aim, where possible, to raise issues of concern and engage with companies ahead of the General Meeting. Our core holdings are prioritised in this regard.

For companies with a market cap greater than US\$3bn (or currency equivalent) a buffer of US\$500m (or currency equivalent) will be applied for growing companies to allow management to adapt our policy recommendations, thus companies under US\$3.5bn (or currency equivalent) shall adapt the main ISS policy guidelines.



Liontrust Policy	Vote Recommendations
We hold that the Audit Committee should pay particular attention to the provision of non-audit services by the external auditor.	Against if a big 4 auditor and if non-audit fees are more than 33% of audit fees.
Where non-audit services have been provided by the auditor, We will consider carefully both the	Abstain if a big 4 auditor and excessive non-audit fees are more than 33% of audit fees and an adequate explanation is given.
well as the ratio between the audit and non- audit fees.	Abstain if outside big 4 auditors and if non-audit fees are more than £500,000 (or market equivalent) and are more than 33% of audit fees.
	Against if outside big 4 and if non-audit fees of five consecutive years and more than 33% of audit fees.
	Against if auditor tenure > 15 years.
We will take into consideration on a case-by- case basis the circumstances where there are serious concerns about the effectiveness of the auditors; the auditors are being changed without explanation; or the lead audit partner(s) has been linked with a significant auditing controversy.	Abstain if there are serious concerns about the effectiveness of the auditors; the auditors are being changed without explanation; or the lead audit partner(s) has been linked with a significant auditing controversy.
We expect that for US companies all directors be responsible for the balance of the Board. We expect that a minimum of 50% of the Board should comprise of independent directors and that non-independent directors should not sit on key board committees.	Against if non-independent director and the board are less than 50% independent.
We expect directors to be able to dedicate sufficient time to the role. We will vote against any director that we feel is overhoarded. Any	Against if a Director is considered overboarded. Defined as follows:
	We hold that the Audit Committee should pay particular attention to the provision of non-audit services by the external auditor. Where non-audit services have been provided by the auditor, We will consider carefully both the actual value of non-audit services provided as well as the ratio between the audit and non-audit fees. We will take into consideration on a case-by-case basis the circumstances where there are serious concerns about the effectiveness of the auditors; the auditors are being changed without explanation; or the lead audit partner(s) has been linked with a significant auditing controversy. We expect that for US companies all directors be responsible for the balance of the Board. We expect that a minimum of 50% of the Board should comprise of independent directors and that non-independent directors should not sit on key board committees. We expect directors to be able to dedicate

¹ Implementation Note: Vote in line with ISS on Responsiveness and Accountability issues including problematic governance structures in new public companies.



> N or >Eg dire	We will consider abstaining on the re-election of individual directors for: Material failures of governance, stewardship, in risk oversight; or Egregious actions related to the irector(s)'service on other boards that raise substantial doubt about that individual's ability of effectively oversee management and to serve	Abstain if there are serious concerns of Material failures of governance, stewardship, or risk oversight; or Egregious actions related to the director(s)'service on other boards that raise substantial doubt about that individual's ability to effectively oversee management and to serve the best interests of shareholders at any company.
the	ne best interests of shareholders at any ompany.	
Nomination Committee – the Diversity – Gender &	We will withhold support from the re-election of the Chair of the Nomination Committee: ess than 30% of the board comprised of women	Against if fewer than 30% of women on the Board.



Ethnic Diversity – Sustainable Future funds only	
We will withhold support from the re-election of the Chair of the Nomination Committee:	
where there are no apparent racially or ethnically diverse directors on the board for Russell 3000 or S&P 1500	Against where there are no apparent racially or ethnically diverse directors on the board for Russell 3000 or S&P 1500
where there are no apparent racially or ethnically diverse directors on the board for Russell 3000 or S&P 1500 where mitigating factors apply	Abstain where there are no apparent racially or ethnically diverse directors on the board for Russell 3000 or S&P 1500 where mitigating factors apply.
Mitigating factors include:	
• Compliance with the relevant board diversity standard at the preceding AGM and a firm commitment, publicly available, to comply with the relevant standard within a year.	
We will vote abstain where a Company is seeking the election of a combined CEO and Chairman.	Abstain if there is a combined CEO/Chairman.
Director terms should not exceed more than three years as we feel that longer terms of office reduce director accountability to shareholders.	Abstain if a 4 year term of office. Against if a 5 year term or more of office.
	where there are no apparent racially or ethnically diverse directors on the board for Russell 3000 or S&P 1500 where there are no apparent racially or ethnically diverse directors on the board for Russell 3000 or S&P 1500 where mitigating factors apply Mitigating factors include: Compliance with the relevant board diversity standard at the preceding AGM and a firm commitment, publicly available, to comply with the relevant standard within a year. We will vote abstain where a Company is seeking the election of a combined CEO and Chairman. Director terms should not exceed more than three years as we feel that longer terms of office



Audit and Remuneration Committees	We will vote against any non-independent Director sitting on the Audit or Remuneration Committee.	Against if non-independent NED on Audit or Remuneration Committee.
		Against if an Executive Director on Audit or Remuneration Committee.
Share Plans (M0501, M0503, M0507, M050, M0524, M0535)	We will vote on a case-by-case basis on equity incentive plan proposals depending on a combination of certain plan features and equity grant practices, where positive factors may counterbalance negative factors, and vice versa, as evaluated using an "equity plan scorecard" (EPSC) approach with three pillars: Plan Cost, Plan Features, and Grant Practices.	- In line with ISS. ⁱ
Remuneration Report (M0550) / Remuneration Policy	We shall vote in line with ISS guidelines to determine our vote in the context of overall levels of remuneration which adhere to best market practice guidelines.	If ISS voting against use explanation.
Share Issuances/Capital Structure (M0329/M0331/M0300s)	Vote for proposals to increase the number of authorized common shares where the primary purpose of the increase is to issue shares in connection with a transaction on the same ballot that warrants support.	- In line with ISS.
	Vote against proposals at companies with more than one class of common stock to increase the number of authorized shares of the class of common stock that has superior voting rights.	
	Vote against proposals to increase the number of authorized common shares if a vote for a reverse stock split on the same ballot is warranted despite	



	the fact that the authorized shares would not be	
	reduced proportionally.	
	Vote case-by-case on all other proposals to	
	increase the number of shares of common stock	
	authorized for issuance. Take into account	
	company-specific factors that include, at a	
	minimum, the following:	
	> Past Board Performance:	
	> The company's use of authorized shares during	
	the last three years;	
	> The Current Request:	
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	 Disclosure in the proxy statement of the specific purposes of the proposed increase; 	
	> Disclosure in the proposed increase;	
	, ,	
	severe risks to shareholders of not approving the	
	request; and	
	> The dilutive impact of the request.	
0 ' ' ' ' ' '	NATA AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AN	Defendent internal consideration on all MOVVV codes
Organisational/Structure	We will evaluate on a case-by-case basis on all	Refer for internal consideration on all M04XX codes.
/M&A (M0400s)	Company structure related items including	
	reorganisations, mergers, acquisitions, related	
	party transactions and any bid waivers.	
Article Amendments	We will consider on a case-by-case basis article	Against if articles undermine shareholder rights or unfavourably change the board structure.
(M0106,M0122, M0126)	amendments proposed. Should the articles be	
	deemed to undermine shareholder rights, we	
	will withhold support.	
Political Contributions	Generally vote for proposals requesting greater	Against proposals barring a company from making political contributions. Businesses are affected
	disclosure of a company's political contributions	by legislation at the federal, state, and local level; barring political contributions can put the
	and trade association spending policies and	company at a competitive disadvantage.
	activities, considering:	
		Against proposals to publish in newspapers and other media a company's political contributions.
	The company's policies, and management and	Such publications could present significant cost to the company without providing commensurate
		value to shareholders.
	board oversight related to its direct political	value to shareholders.
	contributions and payments to trade associations	value to shareholders.
		value to shareholders.



> The company's disclosure regarding its suppo
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of, and participation in, trade associations or
other groups that may make political
contributions; and
> Recent significant controversies, fines, or
litigation related to the company's political
contributions or political activities.

Items to be referred for internal consideration:

- Mergers & Acquisitions
- Related Party Transactions
- Mandatory Takeover Bid Waivers
- Reincorporation Proposals
- Shareholder Proposals
- Other non-routine items/controversial items.

Votes regarding global warming and the environment

Liontrust investment teams will vote their proxies in line with their investment processes. Liontrust supports the Net Zero Asset Managers' Initiative and aims to attain net zero across its funds by 2050. As such, each investment team will, in the context of its investment process, vote as it sees fit regarding proxy votes on an investee company's net zero plans or strategy or any other climate related issue. Where Liontrust deem corporate disclosures and/or management actions on climate change to be insufficient or the company fails to be proactive in communicating their strategy for reducing carbon emissions, Liontrust investment team(s) may withhold support from the re-election of directors or other related proposals, if this falls in line with the team(s) investment process.

Appendix:

Our Definition of Non-Independent Director:

- Significant shareholder (over 3% of Company)
- An employee or pre-executive of the company



- Currently provides professional services to the company
- Has a senior role at one of the Company's advisers
- Relative of executive (or former executive) or senior employee
- Founder/co-founder/member of founding family
- Former executive (five year cooling off period)
- Has been on the board for more than 15 years
- Has had within the last 3 years, a material business relationship with the company
- Conflicting or cross directorship with executive directors or the Chairman of the Company

https://www.issgovernance.com/file/policy/active/americas/US-Voting-Guidelines.pdf; https://www.issgovernance.com/file/policy/active/americas/Canada-TSX-Voting-Guidelines.pdf

ⁱ Where voting in line with ISS guidelines please refer to the following policies: