LEVELS OF DIVERSIFICATION

Multi-Asset (MA)
Dynamic Passive Funds



Diversification

At Liontrust, we believe that diversification is central to any investment portfolio. Being too concentrated in any one investment can possibly lead to higher risk and greater ups and downs in investment returns. Diversification, in essence, is a simple concept – everyone, at one point in their life, will have been warned against putting all their eggs in one basket. When it comes to investment, genuine diversification is about spreading money across different asset classes, from equities, bonds and property to more specialist areas.



The wisdom behind doing this is largely about reducing risk. Assets tend to behave differently in different economic conditions, so, in a certain environment, equities might do well, for example, while bonds may struggle. In this situation, someone invested purely in bonds will be at risk of capital losses whereas a more diversified investor will be less exposed.

Every asset class has its day

This relationship between asset classes is known as correlation, and blending less correlated assets (which behave differently against a certain backdrop) is a good way to reduce risk. Perhaps the easiest way to understand this is the idea that every asset class has its day (see heat chart below) in performance terms so a well diversified portfolio should have something to offer whatever the economic weather.

2013 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019 2020 2021 2022 Europe ex-UK equities 23.1 15.9 1.2 18.6 North America equities 22.3 25.3 1.0 24.4 28.4 24.8 Japan equities 5.8 273 15.8 26.2 13.5 14.9 25.2 13.8 -2.5 11.0 18.3 9.7 obal bond 19.2 22.1 13.3 0.4 18.1 -4.5 9.2 1.5 18.6 15.0 167 -6.1 UK government bonds -2.2 6.3 69 UK corporate bonds 2.5 5.0 7.2 IA 20-60 12.5 Developed Asia equities* 12.1 3.5 -5.1 Global infrastructure rging market equities 1.8 -0.6 10.6 -2.4 Short duration gilts -6.7 -14.9 1.9 3.5 Global property 2.6 -99 Commodities -9.4 -11.0 -5.4 -8.6 -12.8

The graph above might seem a dizzying collection of colours and figures but simply shows how the performance of different asset classes varies from year to year. The idea is to follow the colours: so if we take UK corporate bonds, for example, it is represented by the green colour, and to find its performance Source: Morningstar, Liontrust. Calendar year, 10 years sterling, net returns to 31 December 2023.

*Developed Asia Pacific (ex-Japan) equities.

IA 20-60 = IA Mixed Investment 20-60% Shares

each year, just look for that coloured box. In 2019, for example, we find UK equities near the top of the table, but in the following years it has a tougher time, relative to other asset classes, before rebounding in 2021. UK corporate bonds



In addition to reducing risk, choosing between asset classes – or asset allocation – can also have a major impact on returns. A huge range of studies over the years have shown that asset allocation – how much of your money you put in each asset

Asset allocation usually breaks down into strategic and tactical:



Strategic positions are designed for the long-term (in asset allocation funds, strategic weightings are usually reviewed once a year).



Diversification within asset classes

Within each asset class it is possible to diversify further. Each one offers a range of investment options – for example across countries, industries, types of properties and bonds.

Spreading investment across countries, industries, types of properties and types of bonds helps to balance the overall portfolio.

Spreading it out even further within asset classes means that the portfolio is not concentrated in any one area and may help to reduce the effect of a downturn in a specific asset class or geographic region.

Past performance does not predict future returns. You may get back less than you originally invested. Go to page 24 for the Key Risks.

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UK equities

	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
Europe ex-UK equities	29.1	23.1	15.9	32.7	25.4				29.3	15.0	18.6
North America equities	25.3	22.3	6.6	32.6	25.1				28.4	1.4	14.8
Japan equities	24.8	20.0	5.8	27.3	15.8				26.2	0.3	13.5
UK equities	20.8	14.9	5.1	25.2	13.8		19.1		18.3	-2.5	11.9
Global bonds	19.2	12.5	1.7	22.1	13.3				18.1	-4.5	9.8
Global high yield	9.2	9.2	1.5	18.6	13.1				16.7	-6.1	7.9
UK government bonds	7.3	8.7	1.0	16.7	10.6				6.3	-7.1	6.9
UK corporate bonds	2.5	5.0	1.0	15.7	7.2				2.8	-7.6	5.5
IA 20-60	1.6	3.9	0.7	12.5	6.7	-3.6			2.6	-8.2	4.8
Developed Asia equities*	1.5	2.9	0.5	12.3	4.9				0.1	-9.7	4.6
Global infrastructure	0.4	2.7	0.5	11.2	2.0				-1.6	-10.0	4.1
Emerging market equities	0.4	1.9	-2.1	10.9		-8.6			-1.6	-12.6	3.8
Cash	-0.6	1.2	-2.4	10.6	1.1	-9.3			-2.0	-13.8	3.6
Short duration gilts	-4.1	0.4	-4.1	3.5	0.7	-9.5	5.3	-6.7	-2.4	-14.9	1.9
Global property	-4.4	-0.7	-10.0	2.6	0.3			-9.8	-3.3	-19.3	1.3
Commodities	-9.4	-17.2	-25.3	0.4	-0.3	-12.8	0.7	-11.0	-5.4	-27.1	-8.6

class – is the key determinant of overall investment returns. Of course, the decisions on what equities or bonds to buy are important but the split between these areas in a portfolio will ultimately be the key factor behind the performance it generates.



Tactical Asset Allocation

Tactical calls are more short-term in nature, usually to take advantage of changing economic or market conditions.



Diversification across investment managers

Our funds invest in funds managed by other investment managers. This technique is commonly referred to as a multimanager approach.

Investment managers with different investment styles tend to perform better at different times under different economic and market conditions. We combine a range of investment managers with complementary styles using sophisticated techniques to make sure we achieve a spread of investments.

This means that the portfolio is not overly exposed to any one style and, as a result, when one investment style is out of favour, the overall portfolio is not affected in a significant way.



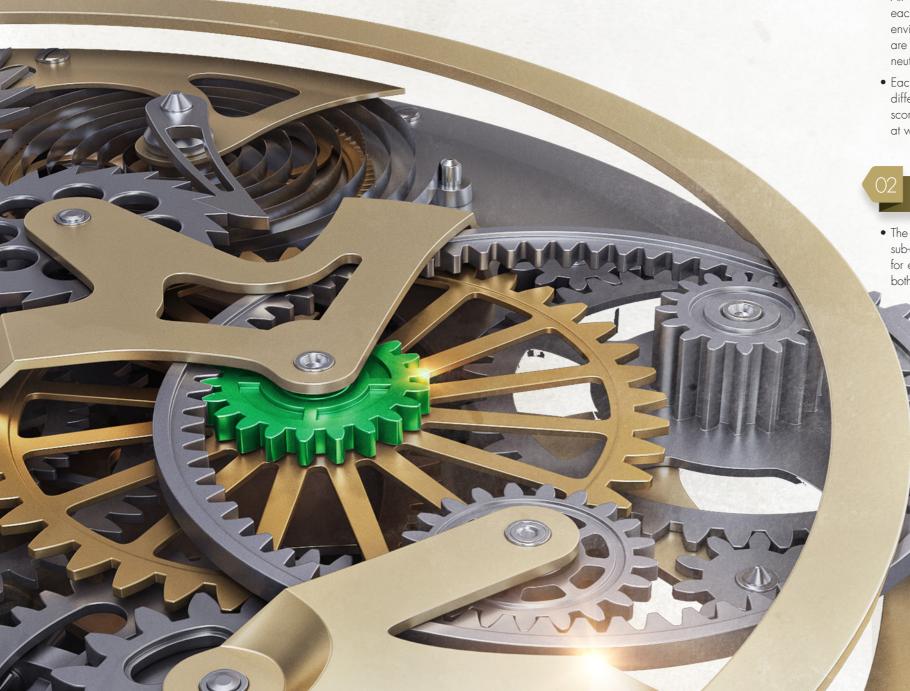
Process

Strategic Asset Allocation (SAA)

The SAA is essentially the default asset allocation should the fund managers have no views about the relative attractiveness of different asset classes. In determining the SAA, historical returns and volatilities of a range of asset classes, as well as their correlations with each other, and other market dynamics are collated and studied.

Each Multi-Asset fund and portfolio has its own SAA, which is a function of the suitability, which in the context of risk profiled funds focuses primarily on investment risk preferences of investors. The SAAs for the Liontrust Multi-Asset funds and portfolios are updated

annually and have a long-term (15 years) time horizon. Where the Multi-Asset team perceive there to be meaningful departures of market pricing from fundamentals, they may decide to exploit these mispriced securities through TAA.



Tactical Asset Allocation (TAA)

TAA is the process through which the Multi-Asset team has an overweight or underweight exposure to an asset class or sub-asset class when compared to the SAA.

The TAA may increase or decrease overall strategy risk depending on the Liontrust Multi-Asset team's view of the stage of the market cycle. Even if the Multi-Asset team decides to adopt a neutral risk position, it is still possible to express a view between

The TAA is reviewed and updated quarterly and follows these four steps:

STEP 1: SECRET SCORING

- All the Multi-Asset team members provide a score for each asset class, sub-asset class, the overall market environment and a handful of other factors. The scores are between 1 and 5, with 1 being the least attractive, 3 neutral and 5 being the most attractive.
- Each Multi-Asset team member scores more than 20 different categories and provides a justification for their scores. The scores are collated ahead of the TAA meeting at which they are debated.

STEP 2: QUANTS

• The quants data cover a wide array of asset classes and sub-asset classes and provide a quantitative perspective on, for example, the relative attractiveness of an equity market both against other markets and against its own history.

asset classes and sub-asset classes without meaningfully altering the overall portfolio risk from neutral to the SAA. The Multi-Asset team refers to this as an Efficient Allocation (EA).

STEP 3: TAA MEETING

- In the TAA meeting, the Liontrust Multi-Asset team collates all of the inputs from the above two steps.
- The output from the TAA meeting is the first cut of the team's asset class scoring grid, with each of the asset classes and sub-asset classes allocated a score of between 1 and 5
- The overall market environment is also scored out of 5.

STEP 4: INDEPENDENT INPUT

- To combat the risks of group think and anchoring, the Liontrust Multi-Asset team employs an independent consultant to challenge the first cut of the asset class scoring.
- The output from this meeting is the final TAA scorecard for the auarter.
- This scorecard informs the risk budget and the over and underweights that the Multi-Asset team expresses through portfolio construction.

Portfolio construction

The portfolio construction takes account of the output from TAA as well as the input from the manager selection process.

The portfolio construction consists of four steps:

STEP 1: FACTOR SELECTION

- Different equity factors such as value, growth, quality or size have significantly different performance characteristics.
- We test the performance and interaction of factors versus each other over the long-term and we identify a blend which we believe will provide the most effective riskadjusted exposure to the equity region in question.
- This blend forms the target factor allocation which we look to implement through manager selection.
- The outputs from this process are reviewed annually but the Multi-Asset team may undertake tactical deviations away from the long-term targets as part of the quarterly TAA process.

STEP 2: ACTIVE AND PASSIVE

- The majority of the Liontrust Multi-Asset funds and portfolios make use of active and passive vehicles.
- The decision of where to use passive vehicles depends on two main considerations: availability and suitability.
- The Liontrust Multi-Asset team has developed a robust and repeatable method through which to identify the appropriate blend between active managers and passive vehicles in different equity regions. The three key inputs are:
- 1. Cross-sectional volatility of a given index.
- 2. The percentage of stocks that have historically outperformed the index.
- 3. The level of index concentration.
- The outputs from this step are target percentage allocations to active managers or passive vehicles which are embedded in the portfolio targets.
- The outputs from this process are reviewed annually but the Multi-Asset team may undertake tactical deviations away from the long-term targets as part of the quarterly TAA process.

^び STEP 3: TARGETS SET

- The combination of TAA aligned with factor selection and decisions on active managers and passive vehicles create a detailed set of parameters to inform portfolio construction.
- The output from these stages combined with the manager selection are consistent target manager allocations for each region, asset class or sub-asset class.
- Each asset class or sub-asset class is assigned a weight through the TAA process and the combination of the target manager allocations and the TAA weights provides a target holding size for every manager in each of the Liontrust Multi-Asset funds and portfolios.

)²⁴ STEP 4: RISK CHECKS

• The Liontrust Multi-Asset funds and portfolios are managed to carefully considered mandates and risk parameters and, ahead of implementation, the team tests the new portfolio targets to ensure they comply with all appropriate portfolio rules and restrictions.

Manager selection



• The Liontrust Multi-Asset team has access to a number of industry recognised databases which enable effective, proprietary, universe definition and filtering of the large universe of potential funds.

STEP 2: QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE RESEARCH

- Managers are subjected to significant levels of quantitative analysis to ensure that the Multi-Asset team understands current and past positioning in detail.
- Analysis of past performance is less about the outright level of performance – although serial underperformers would not be attractive to the team – but most important are the characteristics within performance. This relates to the stylistic exposure of managers, which is assessed through holdings-based style analysis. Performance is also considered on a disaggregated basis to identify the attributed drivers of performance.
- Active managers should demonstrate skilful stock picking over and above other factors which can be more akin to luck. The qualitative side of fund manager research is extremely helpful in this regard.
- The type of areas that the Liontrust Multi-Asset team will consider are manager philosophy and process, team structure, business structure and incentivisation, stock selection process, portfolio construction, historical and current positioning.



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STEP 3: OPERATIONAL DUE DILIGENCE AND SECURITY SET UP

- Operational Due Diligence (ODD) is split into two main areas – initial DD and ongoing DD – and the purpose is to ensure that the selected funds are suitable not just from an investment perspective but also from an operational and compliance perspective.
- Dealing information and specific questions are answered to ensure the investment is possible and also suitable for the Multi-Asset funds and portfolios, such as whether the Fund is a UCITS regulated scheme and is there a minimum investment.
- Once invested, ongoing DD is performed.

Glossary

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ALTERNATIVES

The 'alternatives' asset class covers a range of investments.

The main parts are commodities (such as oil), hedge funds, absolute return funds (an absolute return fund aims to make positive returns by using investment management techniques and asset classes that differ from traditional funds), and infrastructure (such as communication and transport).

BONDS

Bonds are contracts that allow a number of investors to pool together to loan money to a company, government or other institution over a fixed term.

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The holders of the bonds then receive interest payments over the length of the term and get their initial investment (capital) back at the end. Bonds are usually issued by banks on behalf of the borrowing institution. If the borrowing institution fails, there is a risk that you will not receive back either the interest due or your original capital.

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GEOGRAPHIC REGION

It is possible to invest in bonds, property and shares from different countries and regions across the world.



For a comprehensive list of common financial words and terms, see our glossary at www.liontrust.co.uk/glossary

C. Browing



MONEY MARKET

Investors are usually very familiar with cash investments. These types of investments are not without risk as interest rates may be lower than inflation. However, they are usually lower risk than other asset classes and are normally very accessible (easy to cash in). But there is also a possible risk if the institutions go out of business.



PROPERTY

We can invest in companies which own and manage a range of properties. The value of property is a matter of the valuer's opinion and not fact. Property will not contribute to diversifying your portfolio if you already hold a substantial percentage of your investments in property. There could be delays involved with property (disinvestments and switches) due to the fact that property can take time to sell.



SHARES

Shares of companies are a popular choice for long-term investors. As a shareholder you share in the value of the company's assets through the share price and in the company's profits by possibly receiving dividends.

Liontrust MA Dynamic Passive Reserve fund

The Fund seeks to achieve capital g and income with a low level of vo (risk), having a risk profile of 2, range from 1 to 7 where 1 is the risk and 7 the highest.

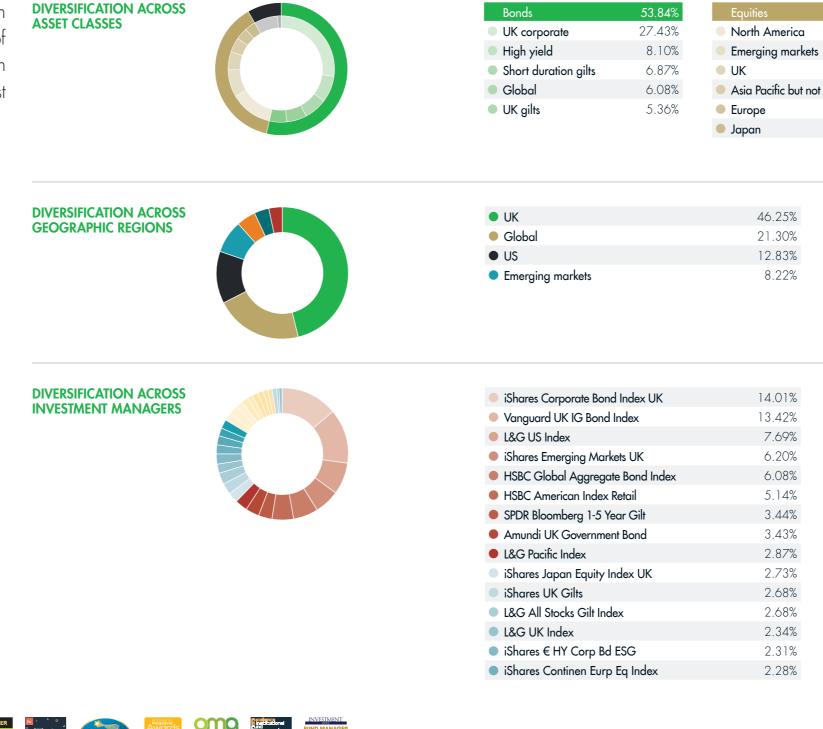
growth	DIVERSIFICATION ACROSS	Bonds	54.67%	Equities	26.78%	Other	18.56%
olatility	ASSET CLASSES	UK corporate	21.43%	North America	9.37%	 Alternatives 	9.54%
,		Short duration gilts	12.01%	Emerging markets	5.81%	Cash and cash equivalents	9.02%
2, in a		 High yield 	9.15%	UK	3.75%		
e lowest		Global	6.09%	Asia Pacific but not Japar	3.11%		
		UK gilts	5.99%	Europe	2.63%		
				Japan	2.11%		
	DIVERSIFICATION ACROSS	• UK		52.20% • A	Asia Pacific but n	ot Japan	3.11%
	GEOGRAPHIC REGIONS	Global		24.78% • E	urope		2.63%
		• US		9.37% J	apan		2.11%
		Emerging markets		5.81%			
	DIVERSIFICATION ACROSS	 iShares Corporate Bond 	Index UK	10.97% • V	VisdomTree Enh	anced Commodity	2.04%
	INVESTMENT MANAGERS	Vanguard UK IG Bond		10.46% L	&G Pacific Inde	x	1.89%
		Amundi UK Governmer	nt Bond	6.10% B	lackRock Glb H	IY Sust	1.83%
		HSBC Global Aggregat	e Bond Index	6.09% is	Shares Physical	Gold ETC	1.83%
		SPDR Bloomberg 1-5 Ye	ear Gilt	5.91% i	Shares Continer	n Eurp Eq Index	1.72%
		L&G US Index		5.74% i	Shares UK Equit	у	1.58%
		 iShares Emerging Mark 	ets UK	4.52% i	Shares UK Prop	erty	1.55%
		L&G Cash Trust		4.05% L	&G UK Index		1.48%
		BlackRock ICS Sterling	Premier	4.05% e is	Shares Japan E	quity Index UK	1.44%
		HSBC American Index F	letail	3.63% <mark>e</mark> i	Shares Envir & I	.w Carb Tilt UK	1.36%
		L&G All Stocks Gilt Inde	ex	3.06% – L	&G Emerging ∧	Narkets GBP Index	1.28%
		 iShares UK Gilts 		2.93% F	ISBC Pacific Ind	ex	1.22%
		L&G Global Infrastructure	re Index	2.76%	Cash		0.93%
		IShares € HY Corp Bd B	SG	2.60% • H	ISBC European	Index Retail	0.91%
		iShares \$ HY Corp Bd I	SG	2.42% • H	ISBC FTSE All S	hare Index	0.69%
		 iShares Fallen Angels H 	Y Corp Bd	2.29% • H	ISBC Japan Ind	ex	0.68%
VINNER BIGHT TIMES Inscriment Life & Amana Money Salt-2021 Best Multi Manager Provider	Autoritation States Sta						



Other	18.56%
 Alternatives 	9.54%
Cash and cash equivalents	9.02%

Liontrust MA Dynamic Passive Moderate fund

The Fund seeks to achieve capital growth and income with a below median level of volatility (risk), having a risk profile of 3, in a range from 1 to 7 where 1 is the lowest risk and 7 the highest.





	38.01%
	12.83%
	8.22%
	5.56%
Japan	4.56%
	3.53%
	3.32%

Other	8.15%
Alternatives	7.12%
Cash and cash equivalents	1.03%

4.56%
3.53%
3.32%

 L&G Global Infrastructure Index 	2.18%
iShares \$ HY Corp Bd ESG	2.14%
 iShares UK Equity 	2.14%
iShares Fallen Angels HY Corp Bd	2.03%
 L&G Emerging Markets GBP Index 	2.03%
 HSBC Pacific Index 	1.69%
BlackRock Glb HY Sust	1.62%
 WisdomTree Enhanced Commodity 	1.61%
 iShares UK Property 	1.32%
 HSBC European Index Retail 	1.24%
 iShares Physical Gold ETC 	1.22%
 HSBC FTSE All Share Index 	1.08%
Cash	1.03%
iShares Envir & Lw Carb Tilt UK	0.79%
 HSBC Japan Index 	0.59%

Liontrust MA Dynamic Passive Intermediate fund

The Fund seeks to achieve capital gro and income with a median level volatility (risk), having a risk profile of in a range from 1 to 7 where 1 is lowest risk and 7 the highest.

DIVERSIFICATION ACROSS	Equities	54.21%	Bonds	41.28%	Other	4.51
ASSET CLASSES	North America	18.52%	 UK corporate 	27.55%	Alternatives	3.67
	Emerging markets	11.58%	 High yield 	6.11%	Cash and cash equivalents	0.84
	• UK	7.58%	 UK gilts 	4.33%		
	Asia Pacific but not Japan	6.64%	 Global 	2.54%		
	Europe	5.51%	Short duration gilts	0.76%		
	Japan	4.37%				
DIVERSIFICATION ACROSS GEOGRAPHIC REGIONS	• UK			Asia Pacific but no	ot Japan	6.6
	● US			 Europe 		5.5
	 Global 			Japan		4.3
	Emerging markets		11.58%			
	 iShares Corporate Bond 		13.82%	HSBC European		1.8
	Vanguard UK IG Bond Ir		13.73%	 iShares € HY Co 	rp Bd ESG	1.6
	 Vanguard UK IG Bond Ir L&G US Index 	ndex	13.73% 11.09%	 iShares € HY Co BlackRock Glb H 	rp Bd ESG IY Sust	1.6 1.5
	 Vanguard UK IG Bond Ir L&G US Index iShares Emerging Market 	ndex ıts UK	13.73% 11.09% 8.77%	 iShares € HY Co BlackRock Glb H HSBC FTSE All S 	rp Bd ESG IY Sust hare Index	1.6 1.5 1.5
	 Vanguard UK IG Bond Ir L&G US Index iShares Emerging Market HSBC American Index Reference 	ndex ıts UK	13.73% 11.09% 8.77% 7.43%	 iShares € HY Co BlackRock Glb H HSBC FTSE All S iShares \$ HY Co 	rp Bd ESG IY Sust hare Index rp Bd ESG	1.6 1.5 1.5
	 Vanguard UK IG Bond Ir L&G US Index iShares Emerging Market HSBC American Index Ref L&G Pacific Index 	ndex ıts UK etail	13.73% 11.09% 8.77% 7.43% 4.51%	 iShares € HY Co BlackRock Glb H HSBC FTSE All SI iShares \$ HY Co iShares Fallen Ar 	rp Bd ESG IY Sust hare Index rp Bd ESG ngels HY Corp Bd	1.6 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5
	 Vanguard UK IG Bond Ir L&G US Index iShares Emerging Market HSBC American Index Ref L&G Pacific Index iShares Continen Eurp Extension 	ndex nts UK etail q Index	13.73% 11.09% 8.77% 7.43% 4.51% 3.62%	 iShares € HY Co BlackRock Glb H HSBC FTSE All SI iShares \$ HY Co iShares Fallen Ar L&G Global Infra 	rp Bd ESG IY Sust hare Index rp Bd ESG ngels HY Corp Bd astructure Index	1.6 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.4 1.0
	 Vanguard UK IG Bond Ir L&G US Index iShares Emerging Market HSBC American Index Ref L&G Pacific Index iShares Continen Eurp Ext iShares Japan Equity Index 	ndex nts UK etail q Index	13.73% 11.09% 8.77% 7.43% 4.51% 3.62% 3.38%	 iShares € HY Co BlackRock Glb H HSBC FTSE All SI iShares \$ HY Co iShares Fallen Ar L&G Global Infra HSBC Japan Index 	rp Bd ESG IY Sust hare Index rp Bd ESG ngels HY Corp Bd astructure Index ex	1.6 1.5 1.5 1.5 1.4 1.0
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	 Vanguard UK IG Bond Ir L&G US Index iShares Emerging Market HSBC American Index Reference L&G Pacific Index iShares Continen Eurp Experiment iShares Japan Equity Index iShares UK Equity L&G UK Index L&G Emerging Markets Comparison 	ndex Its UK etail q Index lex UK GBP Index	13.73% 11.09% 8.77% 7.43% 4.51% 3.62% 3.38% 3.10% 2.95% 2.81%	 iShares € HY Co BlackRock Glb H HSBC FTSE All Si iShares \$ HY Co iShares Fallen Ar L&G Global Infra HSBC Japan Inda WisdomTree Enh Cash iShares UK Propo 	rp Bd ESG IY Sust hare Index rp Bd ESG ngels HY Corp Bd astructure Index ex hanced Commodity erty	1.6 1.5 1.5 1.4 1.0 0.9 0.9 0.8 0.8
	 Vanguard UK IG Bond Ir L&G US Index iShares Emerging Market HSBC American Index Re L&G Pacific Index iShares Continen Eurp Ed iShares Japan Equity Ind iShares UK Equity L&G UK Index L&G Emerging Markets C HSBC Global Aggregated 	ndex Its UK etail q Index lex UK GBP Index	13.73% 11.09% 8.77% 7.43% 4.51% 3.62% 3.38% 3.10% 2.95% 2.81% 2.54%	 iShares € HY Co BlackRock Glb H HSBC FTSE All SI iShares \$ HY Co iShares Fallen Ar L&G Global Infra HSBC Japan Inda WisdomTree Enh Cash iShares UK Propa iShares Physical 	rp Bd ESG IY Sust hare Index rp Bd ESG ngels HY Corp Bd astructure Index ex hanced Commodity erty Gold ETC	1.6 1.5 1.5 1.4 1.0 0.9 0.9 0.8 0.6 0.5
DIVERSIFICATION ACROSS INVESTMENT MANAGERS	 Vanguard UK IG Bond Ir L&G US Index iShares Emerging Market HSBC American Index Reference L&G Pacific Index iShares Continen Eurp Experiment iShares Japan Equity Index iShares UK Equity L&G UK Index L&G Emerging Markets Comparison 	ndex ets UK etail q Index lex UK GBP Index e Bond Index	13.73% 11.09% 8.77% 7.43% 4.51% 3.62% 3.38% 3.10% 2.95% 2.81%	 iShares € HY Co BlackRock Glb H HSBC FTSE All Si iShares \$ HY Co iShares Fallen Ar L&G Global Infra HSBC Japan Inda WisdomTree Enh Cash iShares UK Propo 	rp Bd ESG IY Sust hare Index rp Bd ESG ngels HY Corp Bd astructure Index ex hanced Commodity erty Gold ETC .w Carb Tilt UK	1.6 1.5 1.5 1.4 1.0 0.9



Other	4.51%
Alternatives	3.67%
Cash and cash equivalents	0.84%

Liontrust MA Dynamic Passive Progressive fund

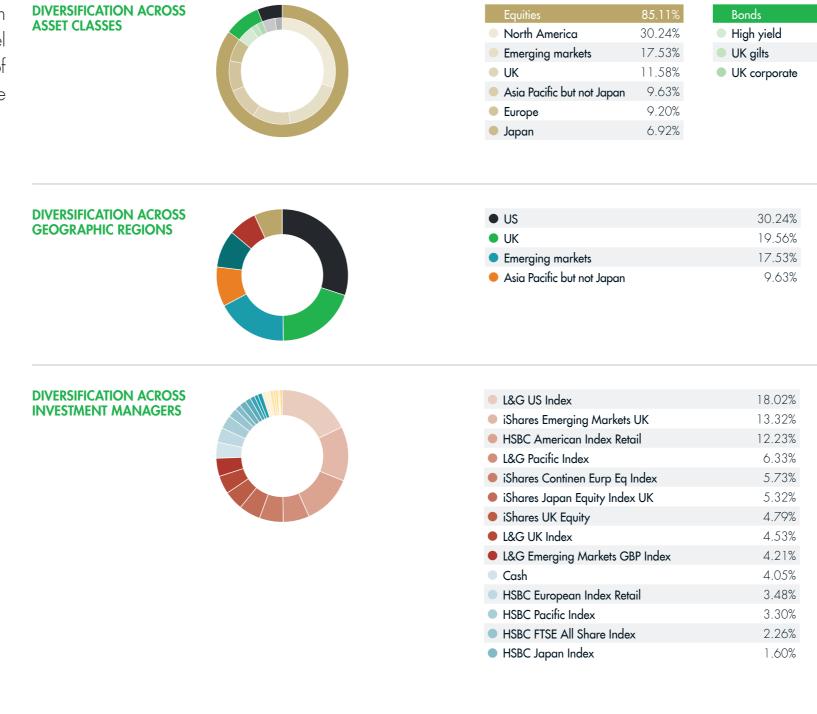
The Fund seeks to achieve capital growth and income with an above median level of volatility (risk), having a risk profile of 5, in a range from 1 to 7 where 1 is the lowest risk and 7 the highest.

DIVERSIFICATION ACROSS	Equities 66.08%	Bonds	29.93%	Other	3.99%
ASSET CLASSES	North America 22.97%	 UK corporate 	19.30%	Alternatives	3.019
	• Emerging markets 13.72%	 High yield 	4.98%	• Cash and cash equivalents	0.98
	UK 9.39%	 UK gilts 	3.39%		
	• Asia Pacific but not Japan 7.82%	 Global 	1.50%		
	Europe 6.93%	Short duration gilt	s 0.76%		
	Japan 5.26%				
DIVERSIFICATION ACROSS GEOGRAPHIC REGIONS	• UK	33.81%	Asia Pacific but no	t Japan	7.82
	• US	22.97%	 Europe 		6.93
	 Emerging markets 	13.72%	Japan		5.26
	 Global 	9.49%			
DIVERSIFICATION ACROSS	L&G US Index	13.67%	 HSBC Global Age 	areaate Bond Index	1.50
INVESTMENT MANAGERS	 iShares Emerging Markets UK 	10.10%	 iShares € HY Cor 		1.425
	 iShares Corporate Bond Index UK 	9.76%	iShares \$ HY Cor	•	1.32
	Vanguard UK IG Bond Index	9.54%	HSBC Japan Inde		1.31
	 HSBC American Index Retail 	9.30%	 iShares Fallen An 		1.25
	L&G Pacific Index	5.60%	BlackRock Glb H	•	0.99
	iShares Continen Eurp Eq Index	4.63%	Cash		0.98
	 iShares Japan Equity Index UK 	3.95%	L&G Global Infra	structure Index	0.92
	L&G UK Index	3.86%	iShares UK Prope	rty	0.68
	iShares UK Equity	3.72%	• iShares Physical (Gold ETC	0.63
	L&G Emerging Markets GBP Index	3.61%	 WisdomTree Enho 	anced Commodity	0.61
				munant Danal	0.38
	 HSBC European Index Retail 	2.31%	Amundi UK Gove	rnment bond	
		2.31% 2.22%	 Amundi UK Gove SPDR Bloomberg 		0.38
	 HSBC European Index Retail 			1-5 Year Gilt	
	HSBC European Index RetailHSBC Pacific Index	2.22%	SPDR Bloomberg	1-5 Year Gilt vt Bd Idx £ Acc	0.389 0.289 0.189



Liontrust MA Dynamic Passive Growth fund

The Fund seeks to achieve capital growth and income with a moderately high level of volatility (risk), having a risk profile of 6, in a range from 1 to 7 where 1 is the lowest risk and 7 the highest.





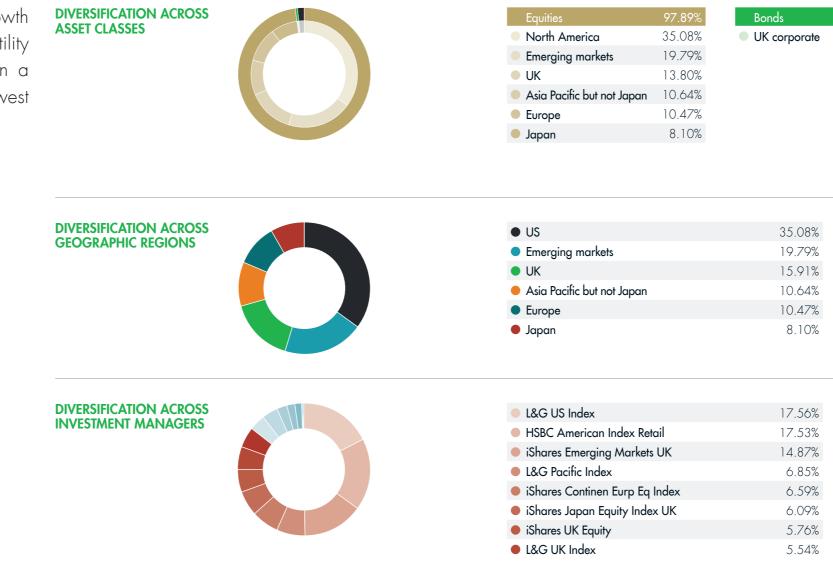
8.82%	Other	6.07%
4.89%	Cash and cash equivalents	4.05%
1.97%	Alternatives	2.02%
1.96%		

Europe	9.20%
Japan	6.92%
 Global 	6.91%

 iShares Fallen Angels HY Corp Bd 	1.48%
 iShares € HY Corp Bd ESG 	1.31%
iShares \$ HY Corp Bd ESG	1.22%
 iShares UK Gilts 	0.99%
 L&G All Stocks Gilt Index 	0.99%
 iShares Corporate Bond Index UK 	0.98%
Vanguard UK IG Bond Index	0.98%
 BlackRock Glb HY Sust 	0.88%
 L&G Global Infrastructure Index 	0.60%
 iShares Physical Gold ETC 	0.41%
 WisdomTree Enhanced Commodity 	0.40%
 iShares UK Property 	0.31%
 iShares Envir & Lw Carb Tilt UK 	0.30%

Liontrust MA Dynamic Passive Adventurous fund

The Fund seeks to achieve capital growth and income with a high level of volatility (risk), having a risk profile of 7, in a range from 1 to 7 where 1 is the lowest risk and 7 the highest.





0.50%	
0.50%	

Other	1.61%
Cash and cash equivalents	1.61%

L&G Emerging Markets GBP Index	4.92%
HSBC European Index Retail	3.88%
 HSBC Pacific Index 	3.79%
 HSBC FTSE All Share Index 	2.50%
 HSBC Japan Index 	2.01%
 Cash 	1.61%
 Vanguard UK IG Bond Index 	0.25%
 iShares Corporate Bond Index UK 	0.25%

Important information

Key Risks

Past performance does not predict future returns. You may get back less than you originally invested.

The Funds managed by the Multi-Asset Team may be exposed to the following risks:

Credit Risk: There is a risk that an investment will fail to make required payments and this may reduce the income paid to the fund, or its capital value. The creditworthiness of a bond issuer may also affect that bond's value. Bonds that produce a higher level of income usually also carry greater risk as such bond issuers may have difficulty in paying their debts. The value of a bond would be significantly affected if the issuer either refused to pay or was unable to pay;

Counterparty Risk: The insolvency of any institutions providing services such as safekeeping of assets or acting as counterparty to derivatives or other instruments, may expose the Fund to financial loss;

Liquidity Risk: If underlying funds suspend or defer the payment of redemption proceeds, the Fund's ability to meet redemption requests may also be affected;

Interest Rate Risk: Fluctuations in interest rates may affect the value of the Fund and your investment. Bonds are affected by changes in interest rates and their value and the income they generate can rise or fall as a result;

Derivatives Risk: Some of the underlying funds may invest in derivatives, which can, in some circumstances, create wider fluctuations in their prices over time;

Emerging Markets: The Fund may invest in less economically developed markets (emerging markets) which can involve greater risks than well developed economies;

Currency Risk: The Fund invests in overseas markets and the value of the Fund may fall or rise as a result of changes in exchange rates.

Index Tracking Risk: The performance of any passive funds used may not exactly track that of their Indices.

The issue of units/shares in the Liontrust Multi-Asset Funds may be subject to an initial charge, which will have an impact on the realisable value of the investment, particularly in the short term. Investments should always be considered as long term.



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Monday to Friday 9.00am–5.30pm; calls may be recorded. Calls are free from landlines and mobiles within the UK.

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